Food and Drug Administration, HHS

may aid in the diagnosis of certain thyroid disorders, such as Hashimoto's disease (chronic lymphocytic thyroiditis), nontoxic goiter (enlargement of thyroid gland), Grave's disease (enlargement of the thyroid gland with protrusion of the eyeballs), and cancer of the thyroid.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 866.5880 Transferrin immunological test system.

- (a) Identification. A transferrin immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the transferrin (an iron-binding and transporting serum protein) in serum, plasma, and other body fluids. Measurement of transferrin levels aids in the diagnosis of malnutrition, acute inflammation, infection, and red blood cell disorders, such as iron deficiency anemia.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

\$866.5890 Inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor immunological test system.

- (a) Identification. An inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the interalpha trypsin inhibitor (a protein) in serum and other body fluids. Measurement of inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor may aid in the diagnosis of acute bacterial infection and inflammation.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 53 FR 11253, Apr. 6, 1988; 65 FR 2313, Jan. 14, 2000]

§ 866.5900 Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene mutation detection system.

(a) *Identification*. The CFTR gene mutation detection system is a device used to simultaneously detect and identify a panel of mutations and variants in the CFTR gene. It is intended as an aid in confirmatory diag-

nostic testing of individuals with suspected cystic fibrosis (CF), carrier identification, and newborn screening. This device is not intended for standalone diagnostic purposes, prenatal diagnostic, pre-implantation, or population screening.

(b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The special control is FDA's guidance document entitled "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: CFTR Gene Mutation Detection System." See §866.1(e) for the availability of this guidance document.

[70 FR 61738, Oct. 26, 2005]

§866.5910 Quality control material for cystic fibrosis nucleic acid assays.

- (a) Identification. Quality control material for cystic fibrosis nucleic acid assays. A quality control material for cystic fibrosis nucleic acid assays is a device intended to help monitor reliability of a test system by detecting analytical deviations such as those that may arise from reagent or instrument variation in genetic testing. This type of device includes recombinant, synthetic, and cell line-based DNA controls.
- (b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The special control is FDA's guidance document entitled "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Quality Control Material for Cystic Fibrosis Nucleic Acid Assays." See §866.1(e) for the availability of this guidance document.

[72 FR 1176, Jan. 10, 2007]

Subpart G—Tumor Associated Antigen immunological Test Systems

§866.6010 Tumor-associated antigen immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A tumor-associated antigen immunological test system is a device that consists of reagents used to qualitatively or quantitatively measure, by immunochemical techniques, tumor-associated antigens in serum, plasma, urine, or other body fluids. This device is intended as an aid in monitoring patients for disease progress or response to therapy or for the detection of recurrent or residual disease.

§ 866.6020

(b) Classification. Class II (special controls). Tumor markers must comply with the following special controls: (1) A guidance document entitled "Guidance Document for the Submission of Tumor Associated Antigen Premarket Notifications (510(k)s) to FDA," and (2) voluntary assay performance standards issued by the National Committee on Clinical Laboratory Standards.

[62 FR 66005, Dec. 17, 1997]

§866.6020 Immunomagnetic circulating cancer cell selection and enumeration system.

- (a) Identification. An immunomagnetic circulating cancer cell selection and enumeration system is a device that consists of biological probes, fluorochromes, and other reagents; preservation and preparation devices; and a semiautomated analytical instrument to select and count circulating cancer cells in a prepared sample of whole blood. This device is intended for adjunctive use in monitoring or predicting cancer disease progression, response to therapy, and for the detection of recurrent disease.
- (b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The special control for this device is FDA's guidance document entitled "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Immunomagnetic Circulating Cancer Cell Selection and Enumeration System." See §866.1(e) for availability of this guidance document.

[69 FR 26038, May 11, 2004]

§ 866.6030 AFP-L3% immunological test system.

- Identification. An AFP-L3% immunological test system is an in vitro device that consists of reagents and an automated instrument used to quantitatively measure. immunochemical techniques, AFP and AFP-L3 subfraction in human serum. The device is intended for in vitro diagnostic use as an aid in the risk assessment of patients with chronic liver disease for development of hepatocellular carcinoma, in conjunction with other laboratory findings, imaging studies, and clinical assessment.
- (b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The special control is FDA's guidance document entitled "Class II

Special Controls Guidance Document: AFP-L3% Immunological Test Systems." See §866.1(e) for the availability of this guidance document.

[70 FR 57749, Oct. 4, 2005]

§ 866.6040 Gene expression profiling test system for breast cancer prog-

- (a) Identification. A gene expression profiling test system for breast cancer prognosis is a device that measures the ribonucleic acid (RNA) expression level of multiple genes and combines this information to yield a signature (pattern or classifier or index) to aid in prognosis of previously diagnosed breast cancer.
- (b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The special control is FDA's guidance document entitled "Class II Special Controls Guidance Document: Gene Expression Profiling Test System for Breast Cancer Prognosis." See §866.1(e) for the availability of this guidance document.

[72 FR 26291, May 9, 2007]

PART 868—ANESTHESIOLOGY DEVICES

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec.

868.1 Scope.

868.3 Effective dates of requirement for premarket approval.

868.9 Limitations of exemptions from section 510(k) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act).

Subpart B—Diagnostic Devices

868.1030 Manual algesimeter.

868.1040 Powered algesimeter.

868.1075 Argon gas analyzer. 868.1100 Arterial blood sampling kit.

868.1120 Indwelling blood oxyhemoglobin concentration analyzer.

868.1150 Indwelling blood carbon dioxide partial pressure (P_{CO2}) analyzer.

868.1170 Indwelling blood hydrogen ion concentration (pH) analyzer.

868.1200 Indwelling blood oxygen partial

pressure (P_{O2}) analyzer. 868.1400 Carbon dioxide gas analyzer.

868.1430 Carbon monoxide gas analyzer.

868.1500 Enflurane gas analyzer.

868.1575 Gas collection vessel.

868.1620 Halothane gas analyzer.

868.1640 Helium gas analyzer.

868.1670 Neon gas analyzer.